MacIntyre Academies

(a company limited by guarantee)

Annual Report and Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 August 2020

MacIntyre Academies Contents

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MacIntyre Academies Reference and Administrative Details

Members Neil Macmillan Martin Zahra

MacIntyre Care

Denise Cockrem (Independent member)

Trustees Neil Macmillan (Chair)

Martin Zahra Sarah Burslem Charlotte May

Anthony Greenwood MBS

Amy Patel

Company Secretary Claire Toombs

Senior Management Team:

Chief Executive Officer Rachelle Russell (until September 2020)
Interim Chief Executive Officer Andrew Moran (from September 2020)

Accounting Officer Claire Toombs
Principal (Endeavour Academy) Michaela Soporova
Principal (Discovery Academy) Matthew Pike
Principal (Quest Academy) Nicola Wells

Principal and Registered Office 602 South Seventh Street

Milton Keynes Buckinghamshire

MK9 2JA

Company Registration Number 08334745 (England and Wales)

Moore Kingston Smith LLP

Devonshire House 60 Goswell Road

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Solicitors Winckworth Sherwood LLP

Minerva House 5 Montague Close

London SE1 9BB

Altor Employment Solicitors 500 Avebury Boulevard Central Milton Keynes

MK9 2BE

MacIntyre Academies operates three special academies; one in Oxfordshire and two in Warwickshire. The Academies' have a combined pupil capacity of 231 and had a roll of 231 in the most recent school census on 31 October 2020. On 1st September 2020 the Trust welcomed it's fourth Academy, Venture Academy, which transferred from another MAT and is based in South Warwickshire.

The Trustees present their annual report together with the financial statements and auditors' report for the period ended 31 August 2020. The annual report serves the purpose of both a Trustees' report and a Directors' report under company law.

Structure, Governance and Management

Constitution

MacIntyre Academies Trust (MAT) is a company limited by guarantee and an exempt charity. The charitable company's memorandum and articles of association are the primary governing documents of the MacIntyre Academy Trust.

The Trustees act as the governors for the charitable activities of MacIntyre Academies and are also the Directors of the company for the purpose of company law. Details of the Governors who served throughout the period, except as noted, are included in the Reference and Administrative details on page 1. The terms Governors, Trustees and Directors are interchangeable within this report.

Members' Liability

MacIntyre Academies is a multi-academy Trust that has 4 Members. The sponsor MacIntyre Care has appointed two Members, Neil Macmillan and Martin Zahra. The third Member is MacIntyre Care itself as a corporate Member and the fourth is an independent Member, Denise Cockrem.

Each Member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the charitable company in the event of it being wound up while they are a Member, or within one year after they cease to be a Member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10, for the debts and liabilities contracted before they ceased to be a Member.

Governors' Indemnities

MacIntyre Academies purchases governors' liability insurance through the Department for Education Risk Protection Arrangement (RPA) which forms part of the academy insurance policy.

Method of Recruitment and Appointment of Trustees

During this period the Trust Board structure comprised two sponsor appointed Trustees, three independent appointed Trustees and the CEO of the sponsor MacIntyre Care. Members of the Trust Leadership Group (TLG) attended Trustee meetings as required.

Recruitment of new Trustees is precipitated by the development of a clear specification of the skills required. The role is advertised in governance forums, professional networks, or individuals who have the skills required are approached by existing Trustees. Interested parties will submit a CV for consideration by the Chair of the Board. If candidates meet the profile required, they will be invited to attend an interview, and to also meet with representatives of the sponsor, MacIntyre Care, before being officially nominated for approval by the Board.

Policies and Procedures for the Induction and Training of Trustees

All new Trustees receive an induction covering their Trust Board responsibilities delivered by the Trust in conjunction with the Sponsor. The tailored induction for new Trustees provides a comprehensive understanding of the Trust, the Sponsor, the MacIntyre Academies vision, mission, ethos and approach. It also encompasses its operational structure and the responsibilities of both Trustees and Local Advisory Board (LAB) members. The Trust Board is a member of the National Governors Association and uses its resources to create training for all new Trust Board and LAB members.

Organisational Structure

The Trustees set policy and the strategic direction of the Trust defined through the Trust's 5 Year Strategic Plan. They approve all investment, the annual operating budget and monitor performance against the business plan and budget. The Trustees also have oversight of the Academies' self-evaluation and school improvement plans and take major decisions about the leadership of academies and the growth of the academy Trust as a whole.

In addition, the Trust Board delegates to the Audit & Risk Committee to focus in detail on finance, risk, health & safety and safeguarding. The Committee is chaired by Tony Greenwood.

The Trust Board has approved a detailed leadership and meeting schedule, which creates an operating structure to enable the TLG to feed into the LABs and Trust Board effectively. A detailed scheme of delegation clarifies ownership of strategic and operational decision making at the different levels of governance.

Each Academy has a Local Advisory Board, which acts as a local committee that provides local challenge and scrutiny of the academy self-evaluation and school improvement plan. We aim for LABs to have a least two parent representatives, two staff representatives and local community members including representatives from business, education, health and social care fields. The LABs carry out termly risk management self-evaluations according to the risk management policy and the outcomes are reported to the main Trust Board.

The Trust Board delegates day-to-day running of the Trust's academies to its Chief Executive Officer who line manages the Academy Principals and oversees the provision of central support functions to its Academies. The day-to-day running of each Academy is delegated to its Principal.

Claire Toombs, Company Secretary, holds the position of Accounting Officer, ensuring regularity, propriety and value for money.

Key Management Personnel

The key management personnel are the senior management team listed on page 1.

Remuneration for key management personnel is set through benchmarking within the sector. The Trustees set the remuneration for the Chief Executive Officer. As a small trust, MacIntyre Academies employs consultants who fulfil key roles where the central support functions have a skills gap.

The Remuneration Committee approves pay progression which is linked to performance. The Audit & Risk Committee monitors the pay progression process.

Trade Union Facility Time

There are currently no MacIntyre Academies employees who are relevant trade union officials.

Connected Organisations, including Related Party Transactions

MacIntyre Care is a Member of the academy and offers assistance with expertise and resources. MacIntyre Care is a national charity that supports children and adults with learning disabilities through provision of care, support and education services.

Objects and Activities

Objects

The purpose of MacIntyre Academies Trust is to develop and manage schools for children who would not otherwise be in full or part-time education due to illness and/or exclusion. We provide for those pupils who need an alternative provision or who need to be educated in a specialist setting for pupils with special educational needs. All of the Trust's activity over the last period has been in the pursuit of these aims.

Aims

The Trusts main aims during this period were to prepare for the transition of Venture Academy and to ensure that Quest Academy settled fully into their new, purpose-built school in Rugby, Warwickshire.

Objectives, Strategies and Activities

The Trust's main objectives during the period under review were as follows:

- To continue to build on the good Ofsted outcome at Endeavour Academy, fully embedding their new curriculum and assessment methodology. We also wanted to ensure continued good care inspection outcomes. We have been very successful in both of these areas which were measured through selfassessment, a process of monitoring and evaluating by the School's local advisory boards (LAB) and by scrutiny from external experts and consultants. A residential care inspection in November 2019 confirmed Endeavour House's Good judgement.
- 2. To build on the good work at Discovery Academy, growing the School's numbers and further embedding expert practice in order to achieve high quality outcomes for pupils.
- 3. To continue to support Quest Academy in the development of its new building and grounds.
- 4. Through effective due diligence and detailed planning, to secure the transfer of Arden Fields School (a failing academy) to the Trust and begin the work of school turnaround; embarking on its journey to Good and beyond. This has also been undertaken so that the Trust can reach and support more children with SEND and, eventually, to grow the School to 50 pupils. This is now called Venture Academy.
- 5. Further develop our central systems in order to support and grow the Trust effectively. To this end, we have invested in a new financial system and we have also invested in new IT capacity to support all of our academies.
- 6. To continue to reflect on our practices and to improve them so that all pupils receive a personalised education. At the same time ensuring that pupil learning, care, welfare and well-being needs are being met and that safeguarding continues to be of paramount importance throughout our services.

Public Benefit

MacIntyre Academies receives the majority of its income from the DfE and from local authorities (i.e. SEND top-up) to provide educational (and Care) services to children and to ensure a broad and balanced curriculum. The Trustees of MacIntyre Academies have given due regard in exercising their duties in respect of the guidance on public benefit published by the Charity Commission and are satisfied that they meet the public benefit criteria as requested by Section 17 of the Charities Act 2011.

MacIntyre Academies Trustees' Report

For the year ended 31 August 2020

Strategic Performance

Covid-19 clearly had a significant impact on all schools during the priod and the Trust is proud to report that at no point were any of its academies closed to pupils, other than during the usual school holidays. Although physical attendance by pupils was reduced, all benefitted from online learning and regular welfare calls from staff. Our residential provision also remained operational throughout.

During the academic year, Arden Fields School (renamed Venture Academy from 1st September, 2020) received ongoing support from the Trust. This support and input increased considerably during the Spring and Summer Terms. We are pleased to report that the transfer into the Trust was a smooth process for the all the pupils and staff.

Achievements and Performance

The aims and objectives that have been set for all schools are:

- To achieve at least 93% attendance;
- To meet or exceed the expected numbers of pupils on role;
- To achieve a Good outcome during Ofsted inspection within 3 years of opening/joining;
- For all pupils to meet, or exceed, their progress targets (although the curriculum approach differs between schools);
- For leavers to go to positive destinations (e.g. employment, training, apprenticeships, FE) and not to be classified as NEET.

Academy	Headlines
Endeavour	 Opened September 2014 Care provision (Endeavour House) achieved a Good Ofsted judgement in November 2019 31 pupils (of whom 6 are residential) Average pupil attendance = 93.9% 100% (2) of leavers left for positive destinations There were 37 RPIs during the year Ofsted judgement for the school – Good The school assesses itself to be Good
Discovery	 Opened September 2015 94 pupils Average pupil attendance = 69.2% 86.4% of leavers left for positive destinations There were 188 RPIs during the year Ofsted judgement – Good The school assessed itself to be Good with some Outstanding features
Quest	 Opened September 2017 Relocated to new site September 2019 84 pupils Average pupil attendance = 79.9% 85.7% of leavers left for positive destinations There were 596 RPIs during the year No Ofsted inspection to date The school assessed itself to be Good with some Outstanding features

Note:

Average pupil attendance was heavily impacted by Covid-19 during the Summer Term 2020.

Endeavour Academy

Endeavour remained fully functional throughout the period of Covid-19 Lockdown with only a very small number of pupils and staff who were not able to attend. Good use was made of the school, the residential setting and the enclosed grounds. The Academy maintained exceptionally high measures of infection control throughout which, in turn, significantly reduced risk.

Pupil academic progress has undoubtedly been impacted by Covid-19 during the period March-July 2020. Despite this, many pupils were still able to achieve their targets. Additionally, the Academy put even greater emphasis on the welfare and well-being of its pupils.

2019-20	Did Not Meet Any Targets	Partially Met Targets	Met Targets	Exceeded Targets	
Pupils	12.0%	62.1%	25.9%	0.0%	

Discovery Academy

Discovery Academy has a high number of pupils who have either been excluded from previous schools and/or have had significant periods of absence prior to attending this school. As a result, the School has to put considerable effort into improving the attendance rate of many of these pupils.

Pupil academic progress has undoubtedly been impacted by Covid-19 during the period March-July 2020. Despite this, many pupils were still able to achieve their targets. Additionally, the Academy put even greater emphasis on the welfare and well-being of its pupils.

2019-20	Did Not Meet Any Targets	Partially Met Targets	Met Targets	Exceeded Targets	
Pupils	5.0%	30.0%	20.0%	41.0%	

Note: New pupils account for 4% of the School's population and therefore do not feature in the table above.

Quest Academy

During this reporting period, Quest has settled into its new, purpose-built building in Rugby. The building is well designed for its purpose and has the advantage of offering excellent outside space. This area is being used effectively for both recreation and delivering the curriculum. As a result, a land-based management course is now being offered.

Pupil academic progress has undoubtedly been impacted by Covid-19 during the period March-July 2020. Despite this, many pupils were still able to achieve their targets. Additionally, the Academy put even greater emphasis on the welfare and well-being of its pupils.

2019-20	Did Not Meet Any Targets	Partially Met Targets	Met Targets	Exceeded Targets
Pupils	0.0%	23.0%	10.0%	67.0%

Going Concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the Board of Trustees has a reasonable expectation that the Academy Trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future despite the challenges presented by the global Covid-19 pandemic. This expectation is based on trust risk assessments and updated budgets and forecasts, supported by confirmed funding. For this reason it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the Statement of Accounting Policies.

Key Financial Performance Indicators and Financial Review

Each academy operated within the revenues received from the Education and Skills Funding Agency and Local Authorities top up and short breaks funding individually allocated to each child.

MacIntyre academy had net income on general funds of £38,266(2019 £633,355) this is after accounting adjustment to reflect pension valuation of current service benefits of £735,000 (2019 £421,000). These incoming funds generated continue to strengthen the trusts reserves and allow forward investment in our academies. Fixed asset expenditure during the year was £421,004 (2019: £213,245).

The Trust has £2,413,020 (2019: £2,435,301) in revenue reserves as at the Balance Sheet date. There is a capital expenditure and investment plan in place with a total value of £456,700 for 2019/20, these projects will be funded from the MAT reserves.

Building condition surveys undertaken in May 2019 at Discovery and Endeavour Academies identified £630,570 of works to be undertaken over the next 5 years. This value is covered by reserves. Quest Academy's new building will be surveyed in 2019/20 resulting in projected costs for this site.

The liability arising from obligations to the pension benefit scheme is £4,311,000. This value is covered by reserves.

Reserves Policy

It is the policy of MacIntyre Academies Trust to ensure the progress and growth of its academies and to support the capacity building needs required to implement the Trust's business plan. The Trust has used carry forward resources from the restricted and unrestricted funds to support capacity building, cover the medium and long term needs for the renewal of buildings, furnishings and equipment, and major improvement projects. In addition we have built up reserves for unforeseen contingencies across our Academy Schools. The Department for Education has not set a limit to the amounts which can be carried forward.

At 31 August 2020 the Trust had generated total funds which amounted to £14,104,228 consisting of a deficit of £4,311,000 in pension reserve; a surplus in restricted general funds of £2,413,020; and £16,002,208 in restricted fixed asset funds representing the net book value of fixed assets held by the trust. As identified above there is a capital expenditure and investment plan of £456,700 for 2019/20 which will be funded from the MAT reserves.

Investment Policy

The Trustees have considered the most appropriate policy for investing funds and have decided to place funds in cash deposits on fixed and short term arrangements to meet the requirements of the Trust's cash flow.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Trust Board has an Audit & Risk Committee which has now been established for three years and is fully embedded. The Committee is authorised by the Board to have a lead tome in governance for Finance, Safety and Regulatory Compliance.

The Trust has a Risk Register. The Register is used to identify all the potential key risks that the academy trust may be exposed to overtime. According to the Trust's risk management policy, each academy's LAB

undertakes a risk management self-evaluation each term which informs the Trust's overall risk register. The Senior Executive Lead and TLG monitor the policies, procedures and systems developed to manage these risks. MacIntyre Academies Trust and its individual academies have business continuity plans.

The Trust has identified the following key risks and mitigating strategies:

Covid-19

The last term of the academic year has seen the impact of the global pandemic. The trust has maintained provision at all schools during the pandemic supporting the students with face to face learning wherever possible. All academies have comprehensive risk assessments and have followed all guidance from PHE and Department for Education throughout the last term and into the new academic year. The Trustees have received very regular updates on the impact and control measures that were implemented at each academy within the trust. There will be some financial impact on the trust related to additional costs of infection control including cleaning and there is also an impact due to the costs relating to staff needing to self-isolate. During the academic year 2019/20 the costs related to Covid -19 were small but there will be higher costs in the 2020/21 academic year and budgets will be managed accordingly.

Ofsted Compliant

It is essential for each Academy to achieve at least a 'Good' rating through Ofsted educational and care inspections. The Trustees monitor performance regularly through reports received from the TLG and the scrutiny undertaken at each of the LABs.

In addition, the Principals at the Academies work in partnership with school improvement partners and care improvement partners.

Financial Risk

With pressure on education funding, it is essential to secure pupil numbers at each academy in order to offer the resources needed to deliver the learning and quality curriculum. It is a particular risk when new academies open with small pupil numbers in early years. The Trust has negotiated agreements with local authority funders to ensure set up funding during set up phase.

The Trustees recognise the financial risk as the academy trust grows and it is essential to secure sufficient funding to cover set up costs and to build capacity within the central support functions to ensure all academies area supported effectively. The Trust has negotiated on each new academy set up to ensure sufficient funds are available.

ICT security and data management

As the use and reliance on technology is ever increasing the Trustees recognise the risk this places on the Trust. The Trust has systems, processes and training for staff to mitigate these risks. Many systems are hosted by reputable external IT organisations with support contracts that detail and cover appropriate sector specific security measures.

Safeguarding

Safeguarding will always remain of the highest priority for any academy and ensuring all alerts are managed to the highest quality and in a timely fashion. The Trust has a detailed safeguarding policy and all staff are trained annually. Periodically, the Trust Board commissions an external agent to audit each academy's safeguarding provision.

The Trust created an Audit & Risk committee in 2017 which is currently under the chairmanship of Tony Greenwood. The committee have met on three occasions during 2019/20 and the agreed terms of reference for the committee include review and scrutiny of risk register, financial performance and quality and compliance across the Trust.

Fundraising

Charitable funds are raised for the Trust by the Sponsor, MacIntyre Care, and as such they monitor fundraising activity. All fund raising is carried out in a manner that meets recognised standards. There have been no fundraising complaints to date and efforts to raise funds are solely through application for grants.

Plans for the next period include:

- To build on the quality of education at Quest Academy so that they achieve a good-to-outstanding outcome during their Ofsted inspection in 2020-21.
- To maintain pupil numbers at Endeavour and Discovery Academies. Building on our good quality of education, making improvements required to be outstanding. We will measure this through selfassessment and School Improvement Partner feedback.
- To develop and improve the leadership and management, and also the quality of education at the new joiner school; Venture Academy
- To implement and embed new Management Information Systems for HR and Finance.
- To undertake due diligence processes for a further potential joiner schools.
- For all schools to achieve the Unicef Rights Respecting School Award.
- To review the ICT strategy for the trust

Funds held as Custodian Trustee on Behalf of Others

Neither the Trust nor Trustees act as custodians.

Auditor

In so far as the Governors are aware:

There is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and the Governors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make them aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

The Multi Academy Trust has reappointed Moore Kingston Smith LLP as auditors.

Approved by order of the members of the Governing Body on 26th January 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Neil Macmillan

Chair MacIntyre Academies Trust

MacIntyre Academies Governance Statement For the year ended 31 August 2020

Scope of Responsibility

As Trustees, we acknowledge we have overall responsibility for ensuring that the Multi Academy Trust has an effective and appropriate system of control, financial and otherwise. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board of Trustees has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Chief Executive Officer and Accounting Officer for ensuring financial controls conform with the requirements of both propriety and good financial management and in accordance with the requirements and responsibilities assigned to it in the funding agreement between MacIntyre Academies and the Secretary of State for Education. They are also responsible for reporting to the Board of Trustees any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

Governance

The information on governance included here supplements that described in the Trustees' Report and in the Statement of Trustees responsibilities. The board of trustees has formally met 5 times during the year. Attendance during the year at meetings of the governing body was as follows:

Governance	Meetings attended	Out of a possible
Neil Macmillan (Chair)	6	6
Shaun Temple-Brown	6	6
Anthony Greenwood	6	6
Charlotte May	5	6
Martin Zahra	5	6
Denise Cockrem	1	N/A
Sarah Burslem	6	6

Denise Cockrem is an Independent Member and attends the AGM only.

Audit & Risk Committee

This Committee is under the Chairmanship of Tony Greenwood. The purpose of the Committee is to ensure probity and efficiency in the management of MacIntyre Academies' resources, review of financial controls and the risk register, and the monitoring of the feedback from LABs on the management of risk.

Review of Value for money

The Accounting Officer is responsible for ensuring the Trust delivers good value in the use of public resources. The Accounting Officer understands that value for money refers to the educational and wider societal outcomes achieved in return for taxpayer resources received.

To ensure value for money in purchasing and procurement, different options are considered before making purchased including an assessment of initial costs and the benefits of alternatives over the longer term. The Trust has approved a procurement policy which sets out four purchasing thresholds and associated procedures which included the need to use benchmarking, multiple quotations or undertake a full tendering exercise depending on the threshold reached.

The Trust Board is accountable for approving all major financial decisions. LABs are accountable for monitoring the spend of an academy and can make recommendations regarding future priorities for spending to the Trust Board. The Trust does not operate a separate finance committee but ensures financial governance and oversight is strong through a standing item and report at every Trust Board meeting. The Audit & Risk Committee use high level data in a key risk data dashboard arising from the implementation of the new Quality & Compliance framework. The dashboard will facilitate the consideration of all key risks including safeguarding, health and safety and financial risks. The accounts from the previous year (December) and the proposed annual budget for the next year (May) will be reviewed at the Audit & Risk Committee prior to being presented to the Trust Board for approval.

MacIntyre Academies Governance Statement For the year ended 31 August 2020

The Purpose of the System of Internal Control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute reassurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on as on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risk of the achievement of school policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in Macintyre Academies for the period 1 September 2019 to 31 August 2020 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

Capacity to Handle Risk

The Trust Board has reviewed the risks to which MacIntyre Academies is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Trust Board is of the view that there is a formal on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing MacIntyre Academies' significant risks that was designed and in place during the period ending 31 August 2020 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements. This process is regularly reviewed by the Trustees.

The Risk and Control Framework

MacIntyre Academies' system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information and administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- Comprehensive budgeting and monitoring systems with an annual budget and periodic financial reports which
 are reviewed and agreed by the Trust Board.
- Regular interviews by the TLG of reports which indicate financial performance against the forecasts and of major purchase plans, capital works and expenditure programmes;
- Setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- Clearly defined purchasing (asset purchase or capital investment) guidelines;
- Delegation of authority or segregation of duties and;
- Identification and management of risks.

The board of trustees has considered the need for a specific internal audit function and has decided:

To appoint JD Education Finance Services to carry out a programme of internal checks.

The internal reviewer's role includes giving advice on financial matters and performing a range of checks on the Trust's financial systems. In particular, the checks carried out in the current period included:

- · Testing of payroll systems
- Testing of purchase systems
- Testing of control account/bank reconciliations
- Review of the trial balance

On a termly basis, the reviewer reports to the board of trustees, through Audit and Risk Committee on the operation of the systems of control and on the discharge of the board of trustees' financial responsibilities.

MacIntyre Academies Governance Statement For the year ended 31 August 2020

Review of Effectiveness

The Accounting Officer has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. During the period in question the review has been informed by:

- The work of the internal reviewer;
- The work of the external auditor;

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- The work of the executive managers within MacIntyre Academies who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework; and
- The Accounting Officer having been advised of the system of internal control in place during the period and a plan to address any weakness and ensure continuous improvement of the systems in place.

Approved by order of the members of the board of trustees on 26th January 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Signed Signed

Neil Macmillan

Claire Toombs Chair MacIntyre Academies Trust Accounting officer

MacIntyre Academies Statement on Regularity, Propriety and Compliance For the year ended 31 August 2020

As Accounting Officer of MacIntyre Academies Trust, I have considered my responsibility to notify the Academy Trust Board of Trustees and the Education & Skills Funding Agency of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with ESFA terms and conditions of funding, under the funding agreement in place between the academy trust and the Secretary of State. As part of my consideration, I have had due regard to the requirements of the Academies Financial Handbook 2019.

I confirm that I and the Academy Trust Board of Trustees are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the Academy Trust, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding under the Academy Trust's funding agreement and the Academies Financial Handbook 2019.

I confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the board of trustees and the ESFA.

Signed

Claire Toombs
Accounting Officer

Date: 26 January 2021

MacIntyre Academies Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities For the year ended 31 August 2020

The Trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees Report and the financial statements in accordance with the Academies Accounts Direction published by the Education & Skills Funding Agency, United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP 2015 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2019 to 2020
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees are responsible for ensuring that in its conduct and operation the charitable company applies financial and other controls, which conform to the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management. They are also responsible for ensuring grants received from the ESFA/DfE have been applied for the purposes intended.

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by order of the Members of the Board of Trustees on 26th January 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Signed

Trustee

Mur cul

MacIntyre Academies Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of MacIntyre Academies Trust for the year ended 31 August 2020

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of MacIntyre Academies ('the academy trust') for the year ended 31 August 2020 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the academy trust's affairs as at 31 August 2020, and of its
 incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then
 ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP 2015 and Academies Accounts Direction 2019 to 2020 issued by the ESFA.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs(UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the academy trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRS's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

MacIntyre Academies Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of MacIntyre Academies for the year ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and out auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the trustees' annual report for the financial year for which
 the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements, and
- the strategic report and the trustees' annual report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the academy trust and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the trustees' annual report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures or trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities set out on page 15, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the academy trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the academy trust or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

MacIntyre Academies Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of MacIntyre Academies for the year ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK) we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the academy trust's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including and significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of this report

This report is made solely to the academy trust's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the academy trust's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to any party other than the charitable company and charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

James Saunders (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Moore Kingston Smith LLP

for and on behalf of Moore Kingston Smith LLP, Statutory Auditor

Devonshire House 60 Goswell Road London EC1M 7AD

Date: 28 January 2021

MacIntyre Academies

Independent Reporting Accountant's Assurance Report on Regularity to MacIntyre Academies and the Education and Skills Funding Agency for the year ended 31 August 2020

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 23 October 2018 and further to the requirements of the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) as included in the Academies Accounts Direction 2019 to 2020, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by MacIntyre Academies during the period 1 September 2019 to 31 August 2020 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

This report is made solely to MacIntyre Academies and the ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to MacIntyre Academies and ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than MacIntyre Academies and the ESFA, for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of MacIntyre Academies' accounting officer and the reporting accountant. The accounting officer is responsible, under the requirements of MacIntyre Academies' funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education dated 4 March 2014 and the Academies Financial Handbook, extant from 1 September 2019, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received is applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Academies Accounts Direction 2019 to 2020. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 September 2019 to 31 August 2020 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Approach

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Academies Accounts Direction 2019 to 2020 issued by the ESFA. We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in our engagement letter.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity.

A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity and propriety of the academy trust's income and expenditure.

MacIntyre Academies

Independent Reporting Accountant's Assurance Report on Regularity to MacIntyre Academies and the Education and Skills Funding Agency for the year ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

The work undertaken to draw to our conclusion includes:

- review of financial records for unusual transactions;
- sample testing expenditure transactions were reasonable, appropriate and appropriately authorised in accordance with the trust's procurement policy:
- · review the minutes of the Board meetings;
- review the processes and controls to identify related party transactions and potential conflicts;
- · obtaining formal representations from the Board and the accounting officer; and
- reviewing any evidence of impropriety resulting from our work and determining whether it was significant enough to be referred to in our regularity report.

Conclusion

In the course of our work, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 September 2019 to 31 August 2020 has not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Moore Kingson Smith LLP

Date: 28 January 2021

James Saunders (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Moore Kingston Smith LLP, Statutory Auditor

Devonshire House 60 Goswell Road London EC1M 7AD

MacIntyre Academies Statement of Financial Activities for the year ended 31 August 2020 (including Income and Expenditure Account)

	Note	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted General Funds £	Restricted Fixed Asset Funds £	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
Income and endowments from	m:					
Donations and capital grants Charitable activities: Funding for the academy trus	2 t's	15,635	-	7,071	22,706	7,856,182
educational operations	3	28,562	9,577,310	-	9,605,872	8,860,338
Total		44,197	9,577,310	7,071	9,628,578	16,716,520
Expenditure on: Charitable activities: Academy trust educational operations	4, 5	-	10,088,614	428,075	10,516,689	8,444,947
			10.000.011	100.075	10.510.000	
Total			10,088,614	428,075	10,516,689	8,444,947
Net income / (expenditure)		44,197	(511,304)	(421,004)	(888,111)	8,271,573
Transfers between funds	13	(104,744)	(348,430)	453,174	-	-
Other recognised (losses)/ga Actuarial (losses) / gains on de						
benefit pension schemes	14, 21		(1,174,000)		(1,174,000)	(1,038,000)
Net movement in funds		(60,547)	(2,033,734)	32,170	(2,062,111)	7,233,573
Reconciliation of funds Total funds brought forward		60,547	135,754	15,970,038	16,166,339	8,932,766
Total funds carried forward			(1,897,980)	16,002,208	14,104,228	16,166,339

All of the academy's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two financial periods.

A comparative Statement of Financial Activities is detailed in note 24 of the accounts.

MacIntyre Academies Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2020 £	2019 £	2019 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	10		16,002,208 16,002,208		15,970,038 15,970,038
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	11	269,041 2,930,560 3,199,601		685,363 2,270,215 2,955,578	
Liabilities Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year Net current assets	12	(786,581)	2,413,020	(520,277)	2,435,301
Total assets less current liabilities			18,415,228		18,405,339
Net assets excluding pension liability			18,415,228		18,405,339
Defined benefit pension scheme liability	20		(4,311,000)		(2,239,000)
Total net assets			14,104,228		16,166,339
Funds of the academy trust: Restricted funds Fixed asset fund Restricted income fund Pension reserve	13 13 13	16,002,208 2,413,020 (4,311,000)		15,970,038 2,374,754 (2,239,000)	
Total restricted funds			14,104,228		16,105,792
Unrestricted income funds	13		-		60,547
Total funds			14,104,228		16,166,339

The financial statements were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on 26th January 2021 and are signed on their behalf by:

Neil Macmillan Chair

Company no: 08334745

MacIntyre Academies Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 August 2020

Cash flows from operating activities	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Net cash provided by operating activities	15	1,120,590	8,778,874
Cash flows from investing activities	16	(460,245)	(8,458,519)
Cash flows from financing activities	17	-	-
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period	_	660,345	320,355
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 September 2019		2,270,215	1,949,860
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 August 2020	19	2,930,560	2,270,215

1 Statement of Accounting Policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted (which have been applied consistently, except where noted), judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty, is set out below.

Company information

MacIntyre Academies is a private company limited by guarantee, domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 602 South Seventh Street, Milton Keynes, Buckinghamshire, MK9 2JA.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the academy trust, which is a public benefit entity under FRS102, have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: 'Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Academies Accounts Direction 2019 to 2020 issued by the ESFA, the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest thousand pound.

Going Concern

The trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate i.e. whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. The trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of at least one year from the date of authorisation for issue of the financial statements and have concluded that the academy trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, despite the challenges presented by the global Covid-19 pandemic. This expectation is based on trust risk assessments and updated budgets and forecasts, supported by confirmed funding. The trustees therefore continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Income

All incoming resources are recognised when the academy trust has entitlement to the funds, the receipt is probable and the amount can be measured reliably.

Grants

Grants are included in the Statement of Financial Activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of meeting any performance related conditions there is not unconditional entitlement to the income and its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income until the performance-related conditions are met. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

General Annual Grant is recognised in full in the statement of Financial Activities in the year for which it is receivable and any abatement in respect of the period is deducted from income and recognised as a liability.

Capital grants are recognised in full when there is an unconditional entitlement to the grant, and are not deferred over the life of the asset on which they are expended. Unspent amounts of capital grants are reflected in the balance sheet in the restricted fixed asset fund.

1 Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

• Sponsorship Income

Sponsorship income provided to the academy trust which amounts to a donation is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities in the period in which it is receivable (where there are no performance-related conditions) where the receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

Donations

Donations are recognised on a receivable basis (where there are no performance-related conditions) where the receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

Other Income

Other income, including the hire of facilities, is recognised in the period it is receivable and to the extent the academy trust has provided the goods or services.

· Donated fixed assets

Where the trust receives a donated fixed asset, it is measured at fair value, unless it is impractical to measure this reliably, in which case the cost of the item to the donor should be used. The gain is recognised as income from donations (see note 2) and a corresponding amount is included in the appropriate fixed asset category (see note 11) and depreciated over the useful economic life in accordance with the academy trust's accounting policies.

In August 2019 the trust was transferred the rights to the 125 year long leasehold of property for £nil consideration in respect of the permanent premises for Quest Academy, in Rugby. This was received from Warwickshire County Council, and was been recognised at the best estimate of fair value, being a valuation as at 31 August 2019 undertaken by Eddisons of the depreciated replacement cost.

Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in a settlement and the amount of the obligation can me be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including the support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Charitable Activities

These are costs incurred on the academy trust's educational operations, including support costs and costs relating to the governance of the academy trust apportioned to charitable activities.

All resources expended are inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

1 Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Intangible Fixed Assets

Intangible assets costing £1,000 or more are capitalised and recognised when future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost net of amortisation and any provision for impairment. Amortisation is provided on intangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life as follows:

Purchased computer software

Over the license period

Tangible Fixed Assets

Assets costing £1,000 or more are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with the aid of specific grants, either from the government or from the private sector, they are included in the Balance Sheet at cost and depreciated over their expected useful economic life. Where there are specific conditions attached to the funding requiring the continued use of the asset, the related grants are credited to a restricted fixed asset fund in the Statement of Financial Activities and carried forward in the Balance Sheet. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged directly to the restricted fixed asset fund in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Long leasehold buildings 50 years
Fixtures, fittings and equipment 5 years
Computer Equipment 3 years

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Liabilities

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in the settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the academy trust anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods and services it must provide.

Provisions

Provisions can be recognised when the academy trust has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event which it is probable will result in the transfer of economic benefits and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle an obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the last pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

1 Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Leased Assets

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Trade debtors, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the debt instrument to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

1 Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless they are included in a hedging arrangement.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled, or they expire.

1 Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Taxation

The academy trust is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes.

Accordingly, the academy trust is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by part 11, chapter 3 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

Pensions Benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the academy trust are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme ('TPS') and the Local Government Pension Scheme ('LGPS'). These are defined benefit schemes.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and contributions are calculated so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the academy trust in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary on the basis of quadrennial valuations using a prospective unit credit method. The TPS is an unfunded multi-employer scheme with no underlying assets to assign between employers. Consequently, the TPS is treated as a defined contribution scheme for accounting purposes and the contributions recognised in the period to which they relate.

The LGPS is a funded multi-employer scheme and the assets are held separately from those of the academy trust in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus are the current service costs, past service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in other recognised gains and losses.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other recognised gains and losses.

Fund Accounting

Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the academy trust at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted fixed asset funds are resources which are to be applied to specific capital purposes imposed by funders where the asset acquired or created is held for a specific purpose.

Restricted general funds comprise all other restricted funds received with restrictions imposed by the funder/donor and include grants from the Department for Education Group.

1 Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgment

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The academy trust makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 20, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2019 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 August 2020. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

2 Donations and capital grants

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
Capital Grants	-	7,071	7,071	41,463
Other donations	15,635	-	15,635	4,719
Transfer from the Local Authority (see note 10)	-	-	-	7,810,000
	15,635	7,071	22,706	7,856,182

The income in donations and capital grants totalled £22,706 (2019: £7,856,182) of which £15,635 (2018: £4,719) was unrestricted, £nil (2019: £nil) was restricted and £7,071 (2019: £7,851,463) was restricted fixed assets.

The transfer from the Local Authority relates to the donated fixed assets (land and buildings) for Quest Academy's permanent premises from Warwickshire County Council.

3 Funding for the Academy Trust's Educational Operations

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
DfE / ESFA revenue grants				
General Annual Grant (GAG)	-	2,150,663	2,150,663	1,689,514
Start Up Grants	-	45,250	45,250	63,000
Other DfE/ESFA grants	-	347,141	347,141	156,763
	-	2,543,054	2,543,054	1,909,277
Other Government grants				
Local authority grants	-	7,019,341	7,019,341	6,873,329
	-	7,019,341	7,019,341	6,873,329
Other Income from the academy trust's educational				
operations	28,562	14,915	43,477	77,732
•	28,562	14,915	43,477	77,732

Total income in the academy trust's educations operations was £9,605,872 (2019: £8,860,338) of which £28,562 was unrestricted (2019: £55,828), £9,577,310 restricted (2019: £8,804,510) and £nil was restricted fixed assets (2019: £nil).

4 Expenditure					
		Non Pay Ex	penditure		
	Staff			Total	Total
	Costs	Premises	Other	2020	2019
	£	£	£	£	£
Academy's educational operations:					
Direct costs	5,200,003	140,082	1,091,096	6,431,181	5,488,703
Allocated support costs	2,517,887	446,593	1,121,028	4,085,508	2,956,244
•	7,717,890	586,675	2,212,124	10,516,689	8,444,947
•	7,717,030	300,013	2,212,124	10,510,005	0,444,341

The expenditure in the academy's educational operations was £10,516,689 (2019: £8,444,947) of which £nil was unrestricted (2019: £nil), £10,088,614 was restricted (2019: £8,231,702) and £425,075 was restricted fixed assets (2019: £213,245).

Net income / (expenditure) for the period includes:

	2020	2019	
	£	£	
Operating lease rentals	50,923	39,632	
Depreciation and amortisation	428,075	213,245	
Fees payable to auditor for:			
Audit	12,900	12,300	
Other services	23,191	21,714	
	36,091	34,014	

5 Charitable Activities

Direct costs - educational operations

	Unrestricted £	Restricted General £	Restricted Fixed Assets £	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
Teacher staff costs	-	2,318,349	-	2,318,349	1,845,745
Classroom support staff costs	-	2,881,654	-	2,881,654	2,821,219
Premises costs	-	140,082	-	140,082	44,785
Other direct costs	-	1,091,096	-	1,091,096	776,954
Total direct costs		6,431,181		6,431,181	5,488,703

Support costs - educational operations

Capport Coole Caucanonal Open	Unrestricted £	Restricted General £	Restricted Fixed Assets £	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
Residential staff costs	-	627,541	-	627,541	502,702
Support staff costs	-	1,890,346	-	1,890,346	1,269,135
Depreciation and amortisation	-	-	428,075	428,075	213,245
Technology costs	-	1,625	-	1,625	31,557
Premise costs	-	446,593	-	446,593	321,598
Other support costs	-	638,590	-	638,590	561,789
Governance costs	-	52,738	-	52,738	56,218
Total support costs		3,657,433	428,075	4,085,508	2,956,244
Total direct and support costs		10,088,614	428,075	10,516,689	8,444,947

Staff		
a. Staff costs		
Staff costs during the period were:	2020 £	2019 £
Wages and salaries	5,065,000	4,352,602
Social security costs	408,533	339,486
Pension costs	1,745,686	1,035,824
	7,219,219	5,727,912
Supply staff costs	489,681	710,890
Severance pay	8,990	15,000
	7 717 890	6 453 802

The severance pay noted above represents a single payment to a single individual.

b. Staff numbers

6

The average number of persons employed by the academy during the period was as follows:

	2020 No.	2019 No.
Teachers	47	32
Classroom support	90	81
Residential	30	27
Administration and other support	56	50
Management	6	4
	229	194

c. Higher paid staff

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

	2020 No.	2019 No.	
£60,001 - £70,000	1	-	
£80,001 - £90,000	1	3	
£90,001 - £100,000	2	-	

d. Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the academy trust comprise the trustees and the senior management team as listed on page 1. The total amount of employee benefits (including employer pension contributions) received by key management personnel for their services to the academy trust was £470,412 (2019: £389,460).

7 Disclosure of central services

The academy trust has provided the following central services to its academies during the year:

human resources; financial services; legal services; educational support services; engagement and family services

The trust charges for these services on the following basis:

Flat percentage of income - 5% of ESFA funding

The actual amounts charged during the year were as follows:

	2020 £	2019 £
Endeavour Academy	173,606	163,550
Discovery Academy	174,312	170,181
Quest Academy	164,367	109,512
	512,285	443,243

8 Related Party Transactions - Trustees' Remuneration and Expenses

Owing to the nature of the academy trust's operations and the composition of the board of trustees being drawn from local public and private sector organisations, transactions may take place with organisations in which a trustee has an interest. All transactions involving such organisations are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the academy trust's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

During the period, expenses totalling £11,939 (2019: £119,136) were paid by MacIntyre Care on behalf of the Academy trust and recharged. MacIntyre Care is a member of the Academy Trust. Included in creditors is £nil (2019: £38,466) owed to MacIntyre Care as at the balance sheet date.

During the period, income totalling £nil (2019: £615) was received from Macintyre Care. At the year end there is a negative debtor balance of £nil (2019: £-260).

Trustees' travel expenses of £289 (2019: £80) were reimbursed by the Academy trust during the year, these expenses were reimbursed to 2 Trustees (2019: 2).

9 Trustees' and officers' insurance

The academy trust has opted into the Department for Education's risk protection arrangement (RPA), an alternative to insurance where UK government funds cover losses that arise. This scheme protects trustees and officers from claims arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions occurring whilst on academy business, and provides cover up to £10,000,000. It is not possible to quantify the trustees and officers indemnity element from the overall cost of the RPA scheme membership.

10	Tangible fixed assets					_
		Leasehold Land and Buildings £	Furniture and Equipment £	Motor Vehicles	Computer Equipment £	Total £
	Cost At 1 September 2019	15,828,532	603,377		173,113	16,605,022
	Additions Transfer between asset classes		336,071 7,728	15,000	109,174 (7,728)	460,245
	Disposals	15 020 522	047 176	15 000	(2,300)	(2,300)
	At 31 August 2020	15,828,532	947,176	15,000	272,259	17,062,967
	Depreciation					
	At 1 September 2019	516,428	75,396	-	43,160	634,984
	Charged in year	235,971	120,616	3,000	68,488	428,075
	Transfer between asset classes		1,288		(1,288)	- (2.200)
	Eliminated on disposals At 31 August 2020	752,399	197,300	3,000	(2,300) 108,060	(2,300) 1,060,759
	At 31 August 2020	732,399	197,300	3,000	100,000	1,000,733
	Net book values					
	At 31 August 2020	15,076,133	749,876	12,000	164,199	16,002,208
	At 31 August 2019	15,312,104	527,981		129,953	15,970,038
11	Debtors				2020	2019
					£	£
	Trade debtors				181,101	354,154
	VAT recoverable				55,101	152,347
	Other debtors				2,590	48,326
	Prepayments and accrued income				30,249	130,536
					269,041	685,363
12	Creditors: Amounts falling due wi	thin one year			2020	2019
					£	£
	Trade creditors				141,544	218,600
	Taxation and social security				145,102	132,016
	Other creditors				112,710	135,900
	Accruals and deferred income				387,225	33,761
					786,581	520,277

13 Funds	Balance at 1 September 2019 £	Incoming Resources £	Resources Expended £	Gains, Losses and Transfers £	Balance at 31 August 2020 £
Restricted general funds					
General Annual Grant (GAG)		2,150,663	(2,150,663)		-
Start Up Grant		45,250	-		45,250
Other DfE grants		347,141	(392,391)		(45,250)
Other local authority funding	2,374,754	7,019,341	(6,632,645)	(348,430)	2,413,020
Pension reserve	(2,239,000)	-	(898,000)	(1,174,000)	(4,311,000)
Other funding		14,915	(14,915)		-
	135,754	9,577,310	(10,088,614)	(1,522,430)	(1,897,980)
Restricted fixed asset funds					
Other funding	15,970,038	7,071	(428,075)	453,174	16,002,208
	15,970,038	7,071	(428,075)	453,174	16,002,208
Total restricted funds	16,105,792	9,584,381	(10,516,689)	(1,069,256)	14,104,228
Total unrestricted funds	60,547	44,197		(104,744)	<u> </u>
Total funds	16,166,339	9,628,578	(10,516,689)	(1,174,000)	14,104,228

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

Under the funding agreement with the Secretary of State, the academy trust was not subject to limits on the amount of GAG that it could carry forward at 31 August 2020.

Restricted general funds

All restricted funds are grants received from the Department for Education and the Local Authority for the purpose of running the Academy Trust.

Restricted fixed asset fund

All capital grants received from the Department for Education and the Local Authority are to be used on capital expenditure. This includes donated fixed assets from the Local Authority.

Unrestricted funds

All unrestricted funds are amounts raised by the Academy Trust which can be used tor any purposes the trustees deem appropriate.

Transfers

The transfer from restricted revenue finds to restricted fixed asset funds represents the amount spent on fixed asset additions resourced from revenue funds.

Analysis of academies by fund balance		
	2020	2019
Fund balances as at year end were allocated as follows:	£	£
Endeavour Academy	1,735,234	1,489,732
Discovery Academy	838,800	924,697
Quest Academy	312,458	208,039
Central Services	(473,472)	(187,167)
Total before fixed asets and pension reserve	2,413,020	2,435,301
Restricted fixed asset fund	16,002,208	15,970,038
Pension reserve	(4,311,000)	(2,239,000)
Total reserves	14,104,228	16,166,339

Total cost analysis by Academy

	Teaching & Educational Support Staff Costs	Other Support Staff Costs £	Educational Supplies £	Other Costs (excluding depreciation) £	Total 2020 £	2019 £
Endeavour Academy	1,206,741	864,373	256,481	628,056	2,955,651	2,946,326
Discovery Academy	2,198,082	231,637	398,363	522,460	3,350,542	2,861,413
Quest Academy	1,795,180	205,119	540,201	451,891	2,992,391	1,901,436
Central Services	-	368,760	20,327	400,943	790,030	522,528
Academy Trust	5,200,003	1,669,889	1,215,372	2,003,350	10,088,614	8,231,703

14 Analysis of net assets between Funds

Fund balances at 31 August 2020 are represented by:

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted General Funds £	Restricted Fixed Asset Funds £	Total Funds £
Tangible fixed assets	-	-	16,002,208	16,002,208
Current assets	-	3,199,601	-	3,199,601
Current liabilities	-	(786,581)	-	(786,581)
Pension scheme liability	-	(4,311,000)	-	(4,311,000)
Total net assets		(1,897,980)	16,002,208	14,104,228

15 Reconciliation of Net Income/(expenditure) to Net Cash Inflow from Opera	ating Activities 2020 £	2019
Net (expenditure)/income for the reporting period (as per the statement of financial activities) Adjusted for:	(888,111)	8,271,573
Depreciation Amortisation Capital income	428,075 -	213,020 225
Defined benefit pension scheme cost less contributions payable (Increase)/decrease in debtors (Decrease)/increase in creditors	898,000 416,322 266,304	421,000 (161,332) 34,388
Net Cash provided by / (used in) Operating Activities	1,120,590	8,778,874
16 Cash flows from investing activities	2020 £	2019 £
Capital funding received from sponsors and others Purchase of tangible fixed assets Purchase of intangible fixed assets	- (460,245) -	(7,810,000) (648,519)
Net Cash provided by / (used in) investing Activities	(460,245)	(8,458,519)
17 Cash flows from financing activities	2020 £	2019 £
Repayments of borrowing Cash inflows from new borrowing	- -	-
Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities	-	-
18 Analysis of cash and cash equivalents	At 31 August 2020 £	At 31 August 2019 £
Cash in hand and at bank	2,930,560	2,270,215
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,930,560	2,270,215

19 Members' Liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up while he/she is a member, or within one year after he/she ceases to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10 for the debts and liabilities contracted before he/she ceases to be a member.

20 Pension and Similar Obligations

The academy's employees belong to two principal pension schemes: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by Oxfordshire County Council and Warwickshire County Council. Both are multi-employer defined-benefit schemes.

The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS related to the period ended 31 March 2016 and of the LGPS 31 March 2019.

Contributions amounting to £112,710 were payable to the schemes at 31 August 2020 (2019: £79,368) and are included within creditors.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pensions Regulations 2014. Membership is automatic for teachers in academies. All teachers have the option to opt-out of the TPS following enrolment.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme to wchich both the member and emploter makes contributions, as a percentage of salary - these contributions are credited to the Exchequer. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Government Actuary, using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 published by HM Treasury every 4 years. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS affecting contributions during the year, was carried out as at 31 March 2016. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education on 5 March 2019. The key elements of the valuation and subsequent consultation are:

- employer contribution rates set at 23.68% of pensionable pay (including a 0.08% employer administration levy)
- total scheme liabilities (pensions currently in payment and the estimated cost of future benefits) for service to the
 effect date of £218,100 million, and notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the notional
 investments held at the valuation date) of £196,100 million giving a notional past service deficit of £22,000
 million.
- the SCAPE rate, set by HMT, is used to determine the notional investment return. The current SCAPE rate is 2.4% above the rate of CPI. assumed real rate of return is 2.4% in excess of prices and 2% in excess of earnings. The rate of real earnings growth is assumed to be 2.2%. The assumed nominal rate of return including earnings growth is 4.45%.

The next valuation result is due to be implemented from 1 April 2023.

The employer's pension costs paid to TPS in the period amounted to £393,576 (2019: £225,069).

A copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation is on the Teachers' Pensions website.

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102, the TPS is a multi-employer pension scheme. The trust has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The trust has set out above the information available on the scheme.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a funded defined benefit pension scheme, with the assets held in separate trustee-administered funds. The total contribution made for the year ended 31 August 2020 was £669,000 (2019: £547,000), of which employer's contributions totalled £501,000 (2019: £408,000) and employees' contributions totalled £168,000 (2019: £139,000).

Parliament has agreed, at the request of the Secretary of State for Education, to a guarantee that, in the event of an academy closure, outstanding Local Government Pension Scheme Liabilities would be met by the Department for Education. The guarantee came into force on 18 July 2013.

20 Pension and Similar Obligations (Continued)

Principal Actuarial Assumptions	At 31 August 2020	At 31 August 2019
Rate of increase in salaries	2.7%	3.2%
Rate of increase for pensions in payment/inflation	2.2%	2.3%
Discount rate for scheme liabilities	1.7%	1.9%

The FRC Reporting Statement 'Retirement Benefits' recommends that disclosure should include a sensitivity analysis for the principal assumptions used to measure scheme liabilities, showing how the measurement of scheme liabilities would have been affected by changes in the relevant assumption that were reasonably possible at the balance sheet date.

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:	At 31 August 2020	At 31 August 2019
Retiring today Males Females	21.8 24.0	21.8 23.8
Retiring in 20 years		
Males	22.6	22.9
Females	25.5	25.2

Sensitivity analysis

The measurement of scheme liabilities would have been affected by changes in the relevant principal assumptions as follows:

	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Discount rate -0.5%	1,298	957
Long term salary +0.5%	43	6
Pension increase +0.5%	1,259	942

The academy trust's share of the assets and liabilities in the scheme and the expected rates of return were:

	Fair value at 31 August 2020 £	Fair value at 31 August 2019 £
Equity instruments	1,719,100	1,381,610
Debt instruments	615,000	482,740
Property	271,180	197,640
Cash	75,720	55,010
Total market value of assets	2,681,000	2,117,000

20 Pension and Similar Obligations (Continued)		
	2020	2019
Amounts recognised in the statement of financial activities	£	£
Current service cost	1,349,000	735,000
Past service cost	-	-
Interest income	(47,000)	(49,000)
Interest cost	97,000	75,000
Total operating charge	1,399,000	761,000
Changes in the fair value of defined benefit obligations were as follows:	2020	2019
	£	£
At 1 September	4,356,000	2,246,000
Current service cost	1,349,000	735,000
Past service cost	-	68,000
Interest cost	97,000	75,000
Employee contributions	168,000	139,000
Benefits paid	(7,000)	-
Actuarial loss/(gain)	1,029,000	1,093,000
At 31 August _	6,992,000	4,356,000
Changes in the fair value of academy trust's share of scheme assets:	2020	2019
	£	£
At 1 September	2,117,000	1,466,000
Interest income	47,000	49,000
Employee contributions	168,000	139,000
Employer contributions	501,000	408,000
Benefits paid Actuarial gain/(loss)	(7,000) (145,000)	55,000
Actuarial gain/(loss) At 31 August	2,681,000	2,117,000
<u>-</u>		
Net changes in the scheme liability:	2020	2019
	£	£
At 1 September	2,239,000	780,000
Pension cost	1,349,000	803,000
Finance cost	50,000	26,000
Employer contribution	(501,000)	(408,000)
Net actuarial loss/(gain)	1,174,000	1,038,000
At 31 August	4,311,000	2,239,000

21 Capital Commitments				
Capital commitments contracted but not prov	ided for in the financial s	statements are	as follows: 2020 £	2019 £
Computer equipment			-	
Other capital works			<u> </u>	75,863 75,863
22 Commitments Under Operating Le	ases			
At 31 August 2020 the total of the Academy 7	Trust's future minimum l	ease payments	under non-cand	ellable
operating leases was:			2020	2019
			£	£
Amounts due within one year Amounts due between one and five years			14,880 20,074	38,640 9,176
			34,954	47,816
23 Comparative Statement of Financia	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted General Funds £	Restricted Fixed Asset Funds £	Total 2019 £
Donations and capital grants	4,719		7,851,463	7,856,182
Charitable activities:	4,719	-	7,031,403	7,030,102
Funding for the academy trust's educational operations	55,828	8,804,510	-	8,860,338
Total	60,547	8,804,510	7,851,463	16,716,520
Expenditure on: Charitable activities:				
Academy trust educational operations	s -	8,231,702	213,245	8,444,947
Total		8,231,702	213,245	8,444,947
Net income / (expenditure)	60,547	572,808	7,638,218	8,271,573
Transfers between funds	<u>-</u> _	(607,056)	607,056	
	60,547	(34,248)	8,245,274	8,271,573
Other recognised gains and losses Actuarial (losses) / gains on defined				
benefit pension schemes	60,547	(1,038,000) (1,072,248)	8,245,274	(1,038,000) 7,233,573
Net movement in funds	60,547	(1,072,248)	8,245,274	1,233,573
Reconciliation of funds Total funds brought forward		1,208,002	7,724,764	8,932,766
Total funds carried forward	60,547	135,754	15,970,038	16,166,339